



#wepr2016

World e-Parliament Survey

5 October 2015

This survey will be the basis for the World e-Parliament Report 2016. First published in 2008, the Report is designed to gather information on how parliaments are using information and communication technologies (ICT). The findings provide a shared knowledge base, support modernisation in parliaments and promote exchange and debate, providing significant benefit to the parliamentary community.

The survey has seven sections:

- 1. Oversight and Management of ICT
- 2. Infrastructure, Services, Applications, and Training
- 3. Systems and Standards for Creating Legislative Documents and Information
- 4. Library and Research Services
- 5. Parliamentary Websites
- 6. Communication between Citizens and Parliament
- 7. Inter-parliamentary Cooperation

Detailed guidelines for completing the survey, as well as all the relevant documents, are available at www.ipu.org/wepr2016

The survey is available in English, French and Spanish. It can be completed online (preferred method), in Word or in hard copy.

The deadline for completing the survey is 30 November 2015.

The data from this survey will be published online in an open data format as part of the World e-Parliament Report 2016. No information that identifies any individuals will be included.

For all guestions, please contact the IPU Secretariat at wepr2016@ipu.org.

When completing the questions in the survey:

- Please indicate your answers by placing an "X" in the appropriate place
- Please also provide additional information where relevant.

Organisational data

Information about the parliament submitting this survey and contact details.
* 1. Country
* 2. Parliament or chamber
* 3. Your answers are for:
O Unicameral Parliament
O Lower house
O Upper house
O Both Lower and Upper houses
4. Who can we contact if there are questions about the responses to the survey
First name, last name
Job title/role
Email Address
Phone Number
5. Contact information for IT Director / CIO / Head of IT, if different from above
First name last name
First name, last name
Job title/role
Email Address
Phone Number

SECTION 1. OVERSIGHT AND MANAGEMENT OF ICT

This is section 1 out of 7; there are 14 questions in this section.

1. Who is responsible for dev	eloping, approving and overseeing implementation of
parliament's ICT objectives?	Check all that apply)

Parma	mont o for objectiveer (oneon an that	uppiy)		
		A. Develops ICT objectives and plans	B. Approves ICT objectives	C. Participates in ICT oversight
1. Pres	sident/Speaker of parliament or			
	liamentary committee	П	П	П
3. Mer	mbers			
4. Sec	retary General			
5. Chie	ef Information Officer, Director of ICT or			
	ior ICT leadership			
7. Spe	cial group or committee			
8. Inte	rnal ICT experts			
9. Libr	ary/Research staff			
10. Cc	ontractors (external)			
11. Me	embers of the public			
12. Ot	her (please specify)			
2. For	bicameral parliaments only, how are IO 1. Each chamber has its own ICT group			
0	2. Each chamber has its own ICT group	, but they work on	some projects and	tasks together
0	3. One ICT group supports both chambe	ers		
0	4. Other (please specify)			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
3. Wha	at is the degree of engagement of the p	political leaders o	of the parliament in	ı ICT?
0	1. Very highly engaged			
0	2. Highly engaged			
0	3. Somewhat engaged			
0 0	4. Engaged very little			
0	5. Not engaged at all			
0	6. Don't know			

4. How is ICT in the parliament currently fund	ded? (Check all t	hat apply)	
1. From parliament's budget			
2. From government's (the executive's) to	oudget		
3. From donor agencies			
4. Other (please specify)			
5. How is the ICT budget determined? (Check	k all that apply)		
1. From an annual budget (approved at	the start of the bu	dget year).	
2. All ICT expenditure needs approval at	t a project level.		
6. Approximately what percentage of the parl	liament's annual	budget is allocate	d to ICT?
O 1. Less than 1%			
O 2. 1-2%			
O 3. 3-4%			
O 4. 5-6%			
O 5. 7-8%			
O 3. 3-4% O 4. 5-6% O 5. 7-8% O 6. 9-10% O 7 More than 10%			
O 7. More than 10%			
7. Is the most senior ICT staff member in part	liament a membe	er of any of the foll	owing? (Check
all that apply)			
1. The Parliament's Senior Management	t team		
2. A departmental management team			
8. What formal planning processes does the	parliament have	in place for ICT in	the Parliament?
or triat to mar planning processes also and	A. Yes	B. No but	C. No and not
		planning or	planning or considering
Vision statement for ICT	0	considering	Considering
2. Strategic Plan with goals, objectives, and	0	<u> </u>	0
timetables for ICT	U	O	0
3. A process in place to update the Strategic Plan on a regular basis	0	0	0
4. A formal project management methodology	0	0	C
used for implementing new initiatives))

9. Please tell us about ICT usa	age in the pariiame	ent.		
Approximate percentage of M	lembers who are co	nnected to a LAN		
2. Approximate percentage of p	arliamentary staff w	ho are connected	to a LAN	
3. Number of full time equivalen	LIOT de Warreland	al la constant		
3. Number of full time equivalen	t ICT starr employed	a by parliament		
4. Number of full time equivalen	t ICT contractors us	sed by parliament		
10. Are the following function would be the ideal / preferred	• •	•	or external ICT stat	f? What
	<u>Currently:</u> A. internal	<u>Currently:</u> B. external	Ideal / preferred: C. internal	<u>ldeal /</u> <u>preferred:</u> D. external
1. IT project management				
Business analysis & requirements management				
3. Testing				
Software development				
5. IT infrastructure				П
management (network & data operations)			"	
6. Web services				
7. Management of social media tools				
וווכטומ נטטוס		1		

11. What are the most important improvements in the work of parliament made possible by ICT in the <u>past four years</u>, and that parliament expects to make in the <u>next two years</u>? (Check all that apply)

	A. Most important improvements made in past four years	B. Most important improvements expected in next two years
Increased capacity to disseminate information and documents to members and staff		
2. More timely delivery of information and documents to members		
3. More interaction with citizens		
4. More efficient preparation of legislation		
5. More timely publication of reports of plenary proceedings		
6. More timely publication of reports of committee proceedings		
7. More information and documents on the website		
8. Exchange of information with other parliaments		
Increased capacity to disseminate information to citizens		
10. More communication with young people		
11. Better management of documents		
12. Open Data		
13. Existing online documents are presented in a more accessible way		
14. Other (please specify)		

12. Which technologies have been introduced, or used in new ways, during the <u>past four years</u>, and which will be introduced in the <u>next two years</u>?

	A. Technologies introduced in the last four years	B. Technologies to be introduced in the next two years
1. Audio and/or video capture of proceedings	Ó	Ó
2. Systems for creating and editing documents	0	0
3. Open standards such as XML	0	0
4. Open source software	0	0
5. Social media like Facebook or Twitter	0	0
6. Document repositories	0	0
7. Systems for putting information and documents onto websites	0	0
8. Systems for managing email from citizens	0	0
9. Webcasting	0	0
10. Systems for ensuring the preservation of documents in digital formats	0	0
11. Mobile communication devices	0	0
12. Mobile communication applications for members	0	0
13. Mobile communication applications for citizens	0	0
14. Radio broadcasting of plenary sessions	0	0
15. TV broadcasting of plenary sessions	0	0
16. Speech-to-text dictation software	0	0
17. Applications that have been co-developed with citizens	0	0
18. Other (please specify)		

	nat are the parliament's three biggest challenges in using ICT effectively? (Check all that
apply)	
	Inadequate financial resources
<u> </u>	2. Lack of control of financial resources
	3. Inadequate staff capacity
	4. Members' lack of knowledge of ICT
	5. Lack of a strategic plan for ICT
	6. Lack of engagement by the leaders of the parliament
	7. Lack of support from international donor community
	8. Lack of access to good practices
	9. Access to the Internet for citizens
	10. Inadequate Internet access in the parliament
	11. Unreliable electrical power
	12. Insufficient ICT market and vendors in the country
	13. Involving citizens in the process of developing technology solutions
	14. There are no challenges
	15. Other (please specify)
14. Ad	ditional comments and good practices

SECTION 2. INFRASTRUCTURE, SERVICES, APPLICATIONS, AND TRAINING

This is section 2 out of 7; there are 25 questions in this section.

 Which of the following ICT services are available in the parliamen 	nt? (Check all that apply)
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	1. Network management (for example cables, routers, switches, WiFi, telephony)
	2. Data management (for example data centre, servers, backup & recovery)
	3. Project planning and management (for example business case, project formulation/scoping,
require	ements)
	4. Application development (for example software development, web or app development)
	5. Application management (maintaining operational systems)
	6. User support
	7. User training/education/awareness
2. Plea	ase indicate which services are provided to Members and parliamentary staff? (Check all

2. Please indicate which services are provided to Members and parliamentary staff? (Check all that apply)

	A. Members	B. Staff
1. Identity management		
2. Email		
3. Intranet		
4. Internet		
5. Office equipment		
6. Laptop		
7. Tablet		
8. Smartphone		
9. Remote access		
10. Personal website		
11. Personal social media accounts		

Approximately what proportion of Members use email in their parliamentary wor

	All	Most	Some	A few	None
A. Use parliamentary email	0	0	0	0	0
B. Use private (external) email	0	0	0	0	0

4. Wha	t reasons do l	MPs give for not	using a parliamen	itary email accoun	t? (Check all that
apply)					

1. Privacy
2. Security
3. Distrust of IT department
4. Lack of training
5. Prefer to use existing account
6. Not interested in email
7. Other (please specify)

5. How do you provide access to shared documents within parliament? (Check all that apply)

	1. A shared drive provided in the internal network
	2. A shared drive provided through cloud storage
	3. A web-based intranet
	4. Electronic document and records management system (EDRMS)
shared	5. No shared drive nor intranet is provided; (most) files are stored on local workstations, and d via email and/or thumb drives (USB)
	6. Other (please specify)
shared	d via email and/or thumb drives (USB)

6. Does the parliament have reliable electrical power 24 hours per day?					
O 1. Yes					
O 2. No					
7. Does parliament	have internet access?				
O 1. Yes					
	or considering				
O 3. No, and n	ot planning or considering				
8. What is the maxi	mum bandwidth (in Mbits)	?			
9. Please rate the p	arliament's internet conne	ction			
	A. Not adequate	B. Adequate	C. More than adequate		
1. Reliability	O	O	O		
2. Speed	0	0	0		
	<u>l</u>		L		
10. Does the parlia	ment provide Wi-fi? (Check	c all that apply)			
	A. For Members	B. For staff	C. To the public		
1. Yes					
2. No, but planning of considering	or 🔲				
3. No					
					

11. Does the parliament have written service level agreements with its internal departments or external contractors who provide it with equipment or services? (A service level agreement is a contract between a service provider and a customer that details the nature, quality, timing and scope of the service to be provided.) (Check all that apply)			
	A. External contractors	B. Internal departments	
1. Yes			
2. Yes, with some			
3. No, but planning or considering			
4. No, and not planning or considering			
5. Not applicable			
12. For those operations, services, and ger please indicate if it uses commercial softw both kinds of software are used. Leave both specific operation, service or general application.	are or open source software. th columns blank if parliamen ication)	(Check both columns if t does not support a	
	A. Commercial software	B. Open Source software	
Operating systems for servers			
2. Operating systems for virtual servers			
3. Network operations			
4. Security			
5. Operating systems for desktop PCs			
6. Operating systems for laptop PCs			
7. Content management			
8. Document management			
9. Databases	П	П	
	_		
10. Email			
10. Email 11. E-learning			
11. E-learning			
11. E-learning12. Word processing			
11. E-learning12. Word processing13. Spreadsheets			
11. E-learning 12. Word processing 13. Spreadsheets 14. Presentations			
11. E-learning 12. Word processing 13. Spreadsheets 14. Presentations 15. Publishing (print)			

13. If you indicated above that the parliament is using open source solutions, how is technical support being provided for this? *(Check all that apply)*

1. Internal staff
2. National contractor
3. International contractor
4. No formal support arrangement
5. Other (please specify)
ease indicate for which of the following parliamentary functions, activities, or services is an IT system (Check all that apply)
1. Bill drafting
2. Amendment drafting
3. Bill status/tracking
4. Amendment status/tracking
5. Database of laws passed by parliament
6. Analysis of budget proposed by the government
7. Plenary calendars and schedules
8. Minutes of plenary sessions
9. Plenary speeches and debates
10. Plenary voting
11. Committee reports
12. Committee calendars and schedules
13. Minutes of committee meetings
14. Committee websites
15. Management and support of website for parliament
16. Management and support of member websites
17. Systems for communicating with constituents (email, blogs, etc)
18. Questions to the government
19. Other scrutiny documents
20. Management of library resources
21. Online library catalogue
22. Digital archive of parliamentary documents
23. Financial disclosure
24. HR system
25. Financial management system
26. None of the above

15. What kind of ve	oting system is used	in the plenary roor	n (floor/hemicycle)	? (Check all that	
1. Manual and not considering electronic					
2. Manual and considering electronic system in the future					
3. Manual v	oting with electronic t	ally of votes			
4. Identifica	tion through Card or t	oken			
5. Identifica	tion through Biometric				
6. Identifica	tion through Passwor	d			
7. Cast the	vote through Touch s	creen			
	vote through Voting b	utton (assigned seats	s)		
9. Cast the	vote at the Voting sta	tion			
10. Other (p	olease specify)				
	16. If large display screens are used in either plenary or committees, what can be displayed on them? (Check all that apply)				
	<u>Plenary</u> A. Planned	<u>Plenary</u> B. Using	Committee C. Planned	Committee D. Using	
1. Video streaming					
2. Display of text					
3. Display of					
graphics 4. Still pictures			П		
5. Video					
conference					
6. Other (please sp	ecify)				
	17. Does the parliament equip, or is it planning to equip, the plenary room with any of the following devices for use by members?				
		A. Equips	B. Planning to equip	C. Not equipped and not planning	
1. Desktop compute	er	0	0	O	
2. Laptops or netbo	oks	0	0	0	
3. Touch screen de	vices	0	0	0	
4. Tablets		0	0	0	
5. Other (please specify)					

18. Does the parliament use the following audio / video recording technologies in the plenary chamber? *(Check all that apply)*

	A. Yes	B. No, but planning to use	C. No, and not planning
Automatic video recording / directed by microphone input			
2. Integration with live-streaming and/or almost	П	П	П
automatic upload of video files 3. Other (please specify)			
C. Carlot (picace specify)			
19. How are verbatim reports of plenary sessions	prepared? (Ch	eck all that apply	y)
1. By hand and transcribed into digital format			
☐ 2. In digital format using a PC			
3. In digital format using a stenographic mach	nine		
4. In digital format by using speech recognition	n technology		
5. None of the above			
6. Other (please specify)			
20. What services can members access in the ple	nary room? (C)	heck all that app	ly)
1. Wireless Internet connection (WiFi)			
2. Wired Internet connection			
3. Intranet services			
4. Basic mobile services (such as text messa	ging)		
5. Mobile internet			
6. None of the above			
7. Other (please specify)			

21. Whi	ich of the following devices can be used by members in the plenary room? (Check all ply)
	1. Desktop computer
	2. Laptops or netbooks
	3. Touch screen devices
	4. Tablets
	5. Other (please specify)
22. Wha	at rules and protocol apply to using mobile or other internet-connected devices in the 1?
	es the parliament provide (either internally or through external providers) ICT training or
inducti	on? (Check all that apply)

1. Yes, for members

2. Yes, for staff

3. No

24. What were the top five (5) training priorities for ICT staff in the last year? (Check only five or fewer)

	Application development and maintenance
	2. Document management systems
	3. Document standards
	4. Data network operations
	5. Help desk
	6. PC support
	7. Mobile devices (tablets and/or smartphones)
	8. Office automation (word processing, spreadsheets, presentations)
	9. Email management
	10. Systems administration
	11. Systems programming
	12. Voice communications
	13. Website management
	14. Webcasting (video and audio)
	15. Internet access
	16. Social media
	17. Security
	18. Online tools for citizen engagement
25. Ac	dditional comments and good practices
	J.

SECTION 3. SYSTEMS AND STANDARDS FOR CREATING LEGISLATIVE DOCUMENTS AND INFORMATION

This is section 3 out of 7; there are 11 questions in this section.

 Does the parliament have a system f 	for managing	the texts of	f bills in digital	format as the	У
move through the legislative process?					

0	1. Yes (Go to question 2)
0	2. No, but planning or considering (Go to question 4)
0	3. No, and not planning or considering (Go to question 4)
0	4. Not applicable to this parliament or chamber (Go to question 4)
	nswered 'yes' in the first question above, which of the following features does the system (Check all that apply)
	1. Authenticates users
	2. Has workflow capability
	3. Exchanges data with other systems outside the parliament
	4. Can handle all possible versions of a bill
	5. Can handle committee amendments
	6. Can handle plenary amendments
	7. Can show the changes in a bill that the amendment would make
	8. Includes all actions taken by parliament on a bill
	9. Has automated error detection capability

10. None of the above

3. If answered 'yes' in the	irst question above, what parts of the system (if any) use XML fo	r
the document standard?	Check all that apply)	

1. Printing
2. Presentation on the web
3. Preservation
4. Exchange with other systems
5. Provide accessibility for persons with disabilities
6. Make documents available for downloading
7. Integrate documents with another system
8. Improve searching
9. Providing open access to external users
10. Other (please specify)
11. None, but planning or considering
12. None, and not considering

4. For each type of committee and plenary documentation listed, does the parliament have a system for preparing and managing the text in digital format?

	A. Have a system that uses XML	B. Have a non- XML based system	C. No system but considering	D. No system and not considering
Minutes of committee meetings	0	0	0	0
2. Committee reports	0	0	0	0
3. Verbatim record of Committee hearings	0	0	0	0
4. Minutes of plenary sessions	0	0	0	0
5. Plenary speeches and debates	0	0	0	0
6. Plenary votes	0	0	0	0

5. If the parliament is using, or has tried to use XML as the standard for any of the types of documentation mentioned above, what challenges has it experienced? (Check all that apply)					
1. Difficulty in developing a DTD o	r Schema				
2. Difficulty in finding or developing	g software for author	ing and editing			
3. Lack of staff knowledge and train	ining				
4. Lack of financial resources					
5. Lack of management support					
6. Complexity of using XML					
7. User resistance					
8. Not applicable					
9. None					
10. Other (please specify)					
6. Does the parliament make its docume organisations outside parliament? (Che	eck all that apply)	n an open data form	nat to people or		
	A. Yes	B. No but planning or considering	C. No and not considering		
Searchable text					
2. Downloadable spreadsheet (XLS, CSV)					
3. PDF					
4. Downloadable XML					
5. XML API					
6. JSON API					
7. Other (please specify)					

7. Where open data is available, how is it released to the public? (Check all that apply)					
1. Freely available via parliament's website					
2. Available on request via parliam	Available on request via parliament's website				
3. Through an external organisation	on, such as a Parliam	nentary Monitoring Orga	anization (PMO)		
4. Not applicable			, ,		
Other (please specify)					
8. Where open data is available, what is	the web address (URL) for this?			
9. How does the parliament manage the	preservation of its	documentation in di	gital format?		
	A. Yes	B. No but planning or considering	C. No and not considering		
Has a policy for the preservation of its documentation in digital format	0	0	0		
2. Maintains a digital archive for preserving parliamentary documentation in digital format	0	0	0		
10. For approximately how many years back?	does the parliamen	it's digital archive of o	documents go		
T. 1.16.19		Number of years			
Text of bills					
Plenary proceedings					
11. Additional comments and good prac	ctices				

SECTION 4. LIBRARY AND RESEARCH SERVICES

This is section 4 out of 7; there are 13 questions in this section.

1. Does the parliament h	ave a library i	to serve its	members?
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\cup	1. Yes (Go to question 2)				
0	2. No, but planning or considering (Skip entire section)				
0	3. No, but one or more libraries outside the parliament are officially tasked to serve the				
memb	pers (Skip entire section)				
0	4. No, and not planning or considering (Skip entire section)				
2. For bicameral parliaments: Does the parliament have a library for each chamber or does one library serve both chambers?					
library	y serve both chambers?				
librar	1. Each chamber has its own library				

3. Does the library have an automated system for managing any of the following library resources?

	A. Yes	B. No but planning or considering	C. No and not considering
1. Acquisition of monographs	0	0	0
2. Acquisition and claiming of serials	0	0	0
3. Circulation system	0	0	0
4. Cataloguing of acquisitions	0	0	0
5. Online catalogue	0	0	0
6. Archiving of digital resources	0	0	0
7. e-resource management capabilities	0	0	0
8. Other (please specify)			

4. How does the library	v use electronic r	networks and tools?

	A. Yes	B. No but planning or considering	C. No and not considering		
The library is connected to an intranet that enables it to make its services available to members	0	0	0		
2. The library website provides access to internet-based resources relating to the work of the parliament	0	0	0		
The library has its own website that is available to members and committees	0	0	0		
4. The library uses alerting services such as email or RSS to send information automatically to members on their computers / cell phones / other digital devices	0	0	0		
5. The library receives requests and questions from members electronically	0	0	0		
6. The library purchases subscriptions to online journals and databases that contain expert research and analysis on public policy issues e.g. energy, the environment, the economy, etc.	0	0	0		
7. Other (please specify)					
5. Does the library make use of any of the apply)	following digital to	ools or facilities? ((Check all that		
1. Discovery tools to facilitate research	ch and federated se	earch			
2. Open data					
3. Linked data to improve access to I	egislative records				
4. Cloud storage					
5. Digital repository for preservation a	and access to parlia	mentary documents			
6. What information does the library collect about members? (Check all that apply)					
1. Media releases by members					
2. News articles about members' acti	2. News articles about members' activities				
3. Members' profiles					
4. Other (please specify)					

7. Does the parliament have subject matte members and committees?	er experts wh	no prov	vide research a	ınd/o	r analysis for
O 1. Yes, they are part of the library					
O 2. Yes, they are part of a separate off O 3. Planning or considering O 4. No. and not planning or considerin	fice				
O 3. Planning or considering					
O 4. No, and not planning or considering	g				
8. Who provides ICT support for the library	y and resear		•	all th	
		A	A: Library		B: Research services
Library technical staff					
2. Librarians					
3. Parliamentary ICT staff					
4. Government ICT staff outside the parliame	ent				
5. External contractors					
6. Other (please specify)					
9. What, if any, services of the library and research services are accessible to the public?					
	A. Yes		B. No but planning or considering		C. No and not considering
Public can visit the library in person and request assistance	0		0		0
Public can visit the library website	0		0		0
3. Public can ask questions of the library by email	0		0		0
Public can access internally authored research papers and reports Other (please specify)	0		0		0

10. Which of the following tools does the library use in its work to support the parliament? *(Check all that apply)*

	1. Email
	2. Email newsletter
	3. Website (non-responsive)
	4. Responsive website (responsive design that adapts to different devices)
	5. Blog
	6. Social media (eg Facebook)
	7. Twitter
	8. Messaging (eg Whatsapp)
	9. Photo sharing (eg Flickr)
	10. Video sharing (such as YouTube)
	11. Other (please specify)
11. Wł	nere the library has its own website, what is the web address (URL)?

12. Which, if any, formal networks do the library and research services participate in?

	A. Yes	B. No but planning or considering	C. No and not considering
AFLI - Arab Federation For Libraries and Information	0	0	0
2. APKN - Africa Parliamentary Knowledge Network - Working Group on Libraries	0	0	0
3. APLA - Association of Parliamentary Libraries of Australasia	0	0	0
4. APLAP - Association of Parliamentary Librarians of Asia and the Pacific	0	0	0
5. APLESA - Association of Parliamentary Libraries of Eastern and Southern Africa	0	0	0
6. ECPRD – European Centre for Parliamentary Research and Documentation - Area of Interest "Parliamentary Research Services, Libraries and Archives"	0	0	0
7. IFLA – International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions	0	0	0
8. Nordic Parliamentary Libraries	0	0	0
9. RIPALC - Red de Intercambio de los Parlamentos de América Latina y El Caribe - Working Group on Libraries	0	0	0
10. Other (please specify)			

13. Addition	3. Additional comments and good practices								
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						

SECTION 5. PARLIAMENTARY WEBSITES

This is section 5 out of 7; there are 17 questions in this section.

1. Do	1. Does the parliament have a publicly available website?							
0	1. Yes							
0	2. Planning or considering (skip entire section)							
0	3. No, and not planning or considering (skip entire section)							
2. Wh	o establishes the overall goals for the website? (Check all that apply)							
	The President/Speaker of the parliament or chamber							
	2. Parliamentary committee							
	3. Members							
	4. Specially designated committee or group							
	5. Secretary General							
	6. Chief Information Office, Director of ICT or equivalent							
	7. Director of Communications							
	8. Other (please specify)							
3. Wh	o is responsible for the website? (Check all that apply)							
	1. Speaker's office							
	2. Press office / Public relations							
	3. Communications							
	4. IT department							
	5. Library							
	6. Research services							
	7. Other (please specify)							

4. Who manages the website content?

0	A content management team in the IT department
0	2. A content management team in the Press office / Public relations department
0	3. A content management team in the communications department
0	4. Different departments or offices are in charge of their own content
0	5. External contractor or agency
0	6. Other (please specify)

5. Are there policies in place for the website regarding the following?

	A. Written policies	B. Informal (unwritten) policies	C. No policies but planning or considering	D. No policies and not planning or considering
Goals and objectives	0	0	0	0
2. Development plan	0	0	0	0
3. Content	0	0	0	0
4. Privacy	0	0	0	0
5. Access and usability	0	0	0	0
6. User support	0	0	0	0
7. Security	0	0	0	0

6. What types of general information are included on the website?	(Check all that a	pply)
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П	d. Access to resultaneous
	1. Access to parliament
	2. History and role
<u>Ц</u>	3. Functions, composition, and activities
	4. Elected leaders
	5. Parliamentary committees, commissions, and other non-plenary bodies
	6. Members of parliament
	7. Political parties in parliament
	8. Elections and electoral systems
	9. Administration of parliament
	10. Publications, documents and information services
	11. Links to related websites (such as government or statutory agencies)
	12. Frequently Asked Questions
	13. Site map
	14. About this website (who owns it, manages it, update policy, etc.)
	15. Whom to contact for questions about the operation of the website
П	16. Whom to contact for questions about parliament
ш	10. Whom to contact for questions about pariament
	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament
7. Wh	·
7. Wh	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included
7. Whom the	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply)
7. Whom the	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business
7. Whom the	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business 2. Explanation of parliamentary terms, procedures and routine order of business
7. Whom the	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included ewebsite? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business 2. Explanation of parliamentary terms, procedures and routine order of business 3. Full text of the Standing Orders, Rules of Procedure or similar rule-setting documents
7. Whom the	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business 2. Explanation of parliamentary terms, procedures and routine order of business 3. Full text of the Standing Orders, Rules of Procedure or similar rule-setting documents 4. Chart or diagram showing how the business of parliament is conducted
7. Whom the	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business 2. Explanation of parliamentary terms, procedures and routine order of business 3. Full text of the Standing Orders, Rules of Procedure or similar rule-setting documents 4. Chart or diagram showing how the business of parliament is conducted 5. Explanation of the legislative process
7. Whom the	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business 2. Explanation of parliamentary terms, procedures and routine order of business 3. Full text of the Standing Orders, Rules of Procedure or similar rule-setting documents 4. Chart or diagram showing how the business of parliament is conducted 5. Explanation of the legislative process 6. Text and status of proposed legislation
7. Who on the	at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business 2. Explanation of parliamentary terms, procedures and routine order of business 3. Full text of the Standing Orders, Rules of Procedure or similar rule-setting documents 4. Chart or diagram showing how the business of parliament is conducted 5. Explanation of the legislative process 6. Text and status of proposed legislation 7. Text of all enacted legislation
7. Whom the	at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business 2. Explanation of parliamentary terms, procedures and routine order of business 3. Full text of the Standing Orders, Rules of Procedure or similar rule-setting documents 4. Chart or diagram showing how the business of parliament is conducted 5. Explanation of the legislative process 6. Text and status of proposed legislation 7. Text of all enacted legislation 8. Explanation of the budget and public financing processes
7. Whom the	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business 2. Explanation of parliamentary terms, procedures and routine order of business 3. Full text of the Standing Orders, Rules of Procedure or similar rule-setting documents 4. Chart or diagram showing how the business of parliament is conducted 5. Explanation of the legislative process 6. Text and status of proposed legislation 7. Text of all enacted legislation 8. Explanation of the budget and public financing processes 9. Parliamentary questions and government actions
7. Whom the	17. Links to social media accounts of the parliament at types of information relating to legislation, budget and oversight activities are included website? (Check all that apply) 1. Schedule of parliamentary business 2. Explanation of parliamentary terms, procedures and routine order of business 3. Full text of the Standing Orders, Rules of Procedure or similar rule-setting documents 4. Chart or diagram showing how the business of parliament is conducted 5. Explanation of the legislative process 6. Text and status of proposed legislation 7. Text of all enacted legislation 8. Explanation of the budget and public financing processes 9. Parliamentary questions and government actions 10. Plenary activities and documentation

8. Does the website provide access to the following content, either directly or via a link? *(Check all that apply)*

	A. On a webpage or as	B. Downloadable	C. Open data API (XML or	D. Not available
	a document (e.g HTML or PDF)	open data format (eg CSV or XML)	JSON)	
1. Amendments (Plenary)				
2. Amendments (Committee)				
3. Committee actions				
4. Committee reports				
5. Committee voting record				
6. Committee hearings				
7. Plenary actions				
8. Plenary speeches and debate				
9. Plenary voting record				
10. Laws/statutes				
11. Explanations of bills				
12. Explanations of actions				
13. Impact assessment of bills				
14. Budget assessment of bills				
15. News stories				
16. Government positions or statements				
17. Information on Member activity				

9. When are the following documents usually available on the website of the parliament?

	A. At least one week before action	B. At least two days before action	C. Same day of action	D. After action taken	E. Not available
Committee agenda	0	0	0	0	0
2. Plenary agenda	0	0	0	0	0

10.	When are	e the	following	documents	usually	/ available	on the	website	of the	parliament?

	A. Same day of action	B. One day after action taken	C. One week after action taken	D. More than one week after action taken	E. Not available
1. Draft legislation	0	0	0	0	0
2. Plenary proceedings	0	0	0	0	0
3. Committee proceedings	0	0	0	0	0

11. Is information made available to the public as soon as it is available to members and officials?

	A. Always	B. Most of the time	C. Some of the time	D. Rarely	E. Never
1. Text of proposed legislation	0	0	0	0	0
2. Committee schedules	0	0	0	0	0
3. Plenary proceedings	0	0	0	0	0
4. Explanations of legislation and procedure	0	0	0	0	0
5. Impact assessments of legislation	0	0	0	0	0

12. Which of the following tools for finding and viewing information are available on the website? *(Check all that apply)*

	1. A search facility
	2. Audio / video archive and live webcast
	3. Alerting services for documentation
	4. Mobile services that enable members to access information and documentation as they are
made a	available on the website
	5. Mobile services that enable the public to access information and documentation as they are
made a	available on the website

13. Which of the fo	llowing tools and g	uidelines for design	are used? (Check a	all that apply)			
1. Content a	and design are based	on an understanding	of needs of different	user groups			
2. User testi							
	ndable by its intended	• • •					
3. W3C or of by persons with disa		lards are implemente	d to ensure that the v	vebsite can be usec			
		ary Websites are use	d in designing and m	aintaining the			
5. Periodic 6	evaluation						
6. Other gui	delines are used: ple	ase specify					
	cial languages are re ebsite? <i>(Check all th</i>	ecognized in the con that apply)	untry and how many	/ of these are			
	A. Official languages	B. Fully available on website	C. Partially available on website	D. Not available on website			
One language							
Two languages							
Three languages							
More than three languages							
15. What are the most important improvements made to the website in the last two years?							
16. What are the m	ost important impro	ovements to the web	osite planned for the	e next two years?			

7. Additional comments and good practices				

SECTION 6. COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CITIZENS AND PARLIAMENT

This is section 6 out of 7; there are 13 questions in this section.

1. Approximately how many members use the following digital tools to communicate with citizens?

	A. All	B. Most	C. Some	D. A few	E. None	F. Unknown
1. Email	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Email newsletter	0	0	0	0	0	0
3. Website	0	0	0	0	0	0
4. Blog	0	0	0	0	0	0
5. Social networking sites (eg Facebook)	0	0	0	0	0	0
6. Twitter	0	0	0	0	0	0
7. Messaging (eg Whatsapp)	0	0	0	0	0	0
8. Photo sharing (eg Flickr)	0	0	0	0	0	0
9. Video sharing (such as YouTube)	0	0	0	0	0	0

2. What are the main challenges that members face using digital communication to communicate with citizens? *(Check all that apply)*

1. Member's lack of access to the internet
2. Citizen's lack access to the internet
3. Lack of skills and training to use tools
4. Feeling overwhelmed with quantity of communication
5. Communication received is unrepresentative
6. Security and trust in technology
7. Trying to give equal priority to on- and offline communication
8. Other: Please specify

3. How do Committees use websites and digital tools to communicate with citizens? *(Check all that apply)*

	Website A. Using	Website B. Planning	<u>Email</u> C. Using	Email D. Planning	Social media E. Using	Social media F. Planning
1. Communicating information about their work, scope and process						
2. Communicating the committee's position on issues						
3. Seeking submissions, comments and opinions from the public						
4. Publishing the findings or results of the Committee						
5. Responding to submissions and comments received						

4. Beside email and websites, which of the following methods for communicating with citizens is the parliament *currently using* or *planning or considering using?*

	A. Currently using	B. Planning or considering	C. Not planning
Parliament radio channel	0	0	0
2. Radio programs on other radio channels	0	0	0
3. Parliament Web TV	0	0	0
4. Parliament broadcast TV channel(s)	0	0	0
5. TV programs on other channels	0	0	0
6. e-Petitions	0	0	0
7. e-Consultation on bills	0	0	0
8. e-Consultation on issues	0	0	0
9. Online discussion group	0	0	0
10. Online polls	0	0	0
11. Alerting services	0	0	0
12. Blogs	0	0	0
13. YouTube or other video sharing service	0	0	0
14. Social networking sites (eg Facebook)	0	0	0
15. Twitter	0	0	0
16. Messaging (such as Whatsapp)	0	0	0

at are the three (3) most important objectives in digital-based methods of communication, ing of email and websites? (Check only the three most important objectives)
Engage more citizens in the political process
2. Inform citizens about policy issues and proposed legislation
3. Reach out to minorities
4. Explain what the parliament does
5. Facilitate an exchange of views
6. Enhance the legitimacy of the legislative process
7. Explain proposed legislation
8. Engage young people
9. Include citizens in the decision making process
10. Improve policy and legislation
11. Conduct a poll of citizens opinions on issues or legislation
12. Do not use or not planning to use
13. Other (please specify)
at challenges has the parliament encountered in using digital technologies to unicate with citizens? (Check all that apply)
Members are not familiar with these technologies
2. Citizens do not have access to the Internet
3. Citizens are not familiar with these technologies
4. Members receive too much email
5. Citizens are not familiar with the legislative process
6. Online discussions and consultations are dominated by a few

7. Too much effort and resources are required to implement these systems

8. Members do not have specific constituencies

10. None of the above11. Other (please specify)

9. Cannot judge how representative the responses are

7. Does the parliament use any digital-based methods to communicate specifically with young people?		
0	1. Yes	
0	2. Planning or considering	
0	3. No, and not planning or considering	
	he parliament using responsive or mobile technologies to communicate with citizens?	
0	1. Yes	
0	2. Planning or considering	
0	3. No, and not planning or considering	
receiv	es the parliament have a policy regarding the retention of electronic communications ved from citizens? 1. Yes	
0	2. Planning or considering	
0	3. No, and not planning or considering	
monit parlia	oes the parliament work with civil society organisations (such as a local parliamentary toring organisation) that provide information on parliamentary activities or access to mentary data?	
0	1. Yes, works directly with	
0	2. Yes, informally supports	
0	3. Planning or considering	
O	4. No, and not planning or considering	
	hat has been the trend in usage by citizens of the various digital-based methods for nunicating with parliament since they have been introduced?	
0		
	nunicating with parliament since they have been introduced?	
	nunicating with parliament since they have been introduced? 1. Increasing usage	
	1. Increasing usage 2. Decreasing usage	
0 0 0 0	1. Increasing usage 2. Decreasing usage 3. Usage has remained steady	

	nt conducted any formal or informal assessments of the value of any of ds of communication?			
O 1. Yes				
O 2. Planning or	considering			
O 3. No and not p	olanning or considering			
13. Additional comments and good practices				

SECTION 7. INTER-PARLIAMENTARY COOPERATION

This is section 7 out of 7; there are 5 questions in this section.

 Do parliamentary staff participate in any of the following 	ing formal networks for the exchange of
information and experiences regarding the use of ICT?	(Check all that apply)

APKN – Africa Parliamentary Knowledge Network
2. CPA - Commonwealth Parliamentary Association
3. ECPRD - European Centre for Parliamentary Research and Documentation
4. OGP - Open Government Partnership
5. RIPALC - Red de Intercambio de los Parlamentos de America Latina y el Caribe
6. Other (please specify)

2. In what areas does the parliament currently provide support and/or assistance to other parliaments to help them strengthen their capacities?

	A. Providing support and/or assistance	B. Not providing but would be willing to	C. No and not planning or considering to provide
Legislative process and procedures	0	0	0
2. Parliamentary oversight	0	0	0
Representational procedures and practice	0	0	0
4. Administrative capacity	0	0	0
5. ICT planning	0	0	0
6. ICT management	0	0	0
7. Hardware, software or network operations	0	0	0
8. Application development	0	0	0
9. Staff development and training	0	0	0
10. Document management systems	0	0	0
11. Document standards	0	0	0
12. Open data	0	0	0
13. ICT services for members, committees or plenary	0	0	0
14. Websites	0	0	0
15. Library and research services	0	0	0
16. Social media	0	0	0
17. Citizen engagement and outreach	0	0	0
18. Other (please specify)			

3. Does the parliament have a committee of members that oversees this activity?

0	1. Yes
0	2. No, Planning or considering
0	3. No, and not planning or considering

4. In what areas does the parliament currently receive support and/or assistance from others to help strengthen its capacity?

	A. Currently receive support from other parliaments	B. Currently receive support from outside organizations	C. Do not receive support but would like to
1. Legislative process and procedures	0	0	0
2. Parliamentary oversight	0	0	0
3. Representational procedures and practice	0	0	0
4. Administrative capacity	0	0	0
5. ICT planning	0	0	0
6. ICT management	0	0	0
7. Hardware, software or network operations	0	0	0
8. Application development	0	0	0
9. Staff development and training	0	0	0
10. Document management systems	0	0	0
11. Document standards	0	0	0
12. Open data	0	0	0
13. ICT services for members, committees or plenary	0	0	0
14. Websites	0	0	0
15. Library and research services	0	0	0
16. Social media	0	0	0
17. Citizen engagement and outreach	0	0	0
18. Other (please specify)			•

5. Additional comments and good practices.							

Submitting the survey

For more information on how to submit the survey please see the survey guidelines (also available on www.ipu.org/wepr2016). Should you have any questions, kindly contact us on wepr2016@ipu.org