



141st IPU Assembly

Belgrade (Serbia)
13-17 October 2019



Standing Committee on
Peace and International Security

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12 June 2019

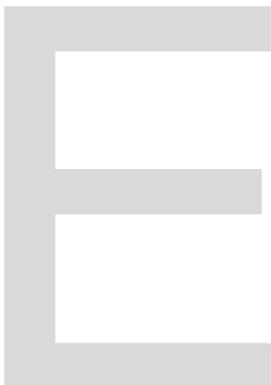
Draft agenda

- 1. Adoption of the agenda**
- 2. Approval of the summary record of the Committee's session held at the 140th IPU Assembly in Doha (April 2019)**
- 3. Elections to the Bureau of the Standing Committee**

The Committee will fill the existing vacancies on the Bureau based on proposals received from the geopolitical groups.
- 4. Follow-up of the 2014 resolution [Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: The contribution of parliaments](#)**

There are various ways offered to IPU Member Parliaments to follow up on the 2014 landmark resolution, including ratifying several legal instruments and overseeing their implementation by governments. Experts from several organizations will be invited to give introductory remarks. The Committee will then hold a panel debate to examine how IPU Members have followed up on the resolution. Drawing on lessons learnt, the Committee will identify specific actions that parliamentarians and parliaments could take to effectively implement the resolution.
- 5. Panel discussion on the theme of *Criminalization of money laundering***

Money laundering is the process by which criminals disguise the original ownership and control of the proceeds of criminal conduct by making such proceeds appear to have derived from a legitimate source. The anti-money laundering (AML) regime calls for states, subject to their own legal systems, to criminalize money laundering consistent with international standards. Participants will discuss possible measures that parliaments could take to contribute to such criminalization to make it harder for terrorists and criminals to finance their activities, by closing the loopholes in the current money laundering rules and by making it easier for the authorities to detect and stop suspicious financial flows.



#IPU141

6. Expert hearing on the theme *Parliamentary strategies to strengthen peace and security against threats and conflicts resulting from climate-related disasters and their consequences*

Climate change leads to an increase in extreme weather events and natural disasters. These have a negative impact on food production and drinking-water resources which can destabilize entire regions. In turn, such instability affects economic, social and political systems, but, first and foremost, it affects people. The link between climate and security in all conflict situations is becoming increasingly evident. The Committee wished to place this subject on its agenda with the intention of adopting a resolution on the topic at the 142nd IPU Assembly. To prepare for that, the Committee will hold an expert hearing to share opinions with members about how the link between climate and security has evolved and where the challenges to overcome it lie. There will also be a discussion about the measures and actions parliaments can plan for in terms of legislation, policy development, evaluation and oversight. The co-Rapporteurs will draw on the hearing and the subsequent debate as they write the first draft of the resolution.

7. Any other business